

**R8221**

**Sub. Code**

**452201**

**M.S.W. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL – 2023**

**Second Semester**

**Social Work**

**COMMUNITY ORGANIZATION AND SOCIAL ACTION**

**(CBCS – 2022 onwards)**

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum : 75 Marks

**Section A**

(10 × 1 = 10)

Answer **all** questions.

1. Which is considered the first book on Community Organisation?
  - (a) Social Diagnosis – Marry E Richmond
  - (b) Community Organization – M.G. Ross
  - (c) Community – Edward C Lindeman;
  - (d) Community organization and Development- Herbert J Ruhim Irene S, Rulin
  
2. Community organizer encourages, and provides direction and guidelines to proceed in carrying out the different activities as an
  - (a) Catalyst
  - (b) Advocate
  - (c) Animator
  - (d) Resource Mobiliser

3. Which one of the sets is the need to call a collection of individuals as organised?
- (a) Different ideas and expectations
  - (b) Common ideas and expectations
  - (c) Achievement of different objectives
  - (d) Non-cooperative relationship
4. Who had given the model 'Conscientisation Model' of Social Action?
- (a) Paulo Fiero
  - (b) Herbert Spenser
  - (c) Antonio Gramsci
  - (d) Jame Adams
5. Select the one which is considered as the step of community organisation
- (a) List the Problems
  - (b) Redefine the problems
  - (c) Formulate achievable objectives
  - (d) All the above
6. Social Action theorists believe that it is ————— who makes the choices?
- (a) Society                      (b) People
  - (c) Organisation              (d) Worker
7. In the community urbanisation has accompanied
- (a) Trade
  - (b) Opportunities
  - (c) Industrialisation
  - (d) All the above

8. "Community Chest" is related to \_\_\_\_\_.
- (a) Community Participation
  - (b) Community Problems
  - (c) Community Awareness
  - (d) Community Resources
9. Which one of the following is a basic Social Model?
- (a) Social Action Model
  - (b) Power based Social Action Model
  - (c) Only (a)
  - (d) Both (a) and (b)
10. Who is the author of "Readings in Community Organisation"?
- (a) Mckay
  - (b) Ralph M Kramer
  - (c) Kurian
  - (d) Christopher A

**Section B**

(5 × 5 = 25)

Answer **all** questions, choosing either (a) or (b)

11. (a) Write a note on "Community Organisation" with an apt definition.

Or

- (b) What are the methods of Community Organisation?

12. (a) What is the role of "Communication" in Community Organisation?

Or

- (b) What are the principles and purpose of Social Action in Community Organisation?

13. (a) Define Social action and Social reform.

Or

- (b) Write a note on the goals and scope of the Community Organisation.

14. (a) What is Resource mobilisation as a method of Community Organisation?

Or

(b) What are the skills required for Community Organisation?

15. (a) What are the strategies and tactics of Social Action?

Or

(b) What is the scope of social action in India?

**Section C**

(5 × 8 = 40)

Answer any **five** questions.

16. Explain Community dynamics with its concepts and types.
17. What are the different phases of Community organisations? Illustrate with an example.
18. What are the differences between Conferences and committee meetings? And how it helps community organisations.
19. What are the fields of a community organisation? Explain.
20. Write a comparative notes on the Ambedkar model and EVR model of social actions.
21. What are the historical development of Community Organisation?
22. Explain Community Chest with examples.
23. What are the roles and qualities required for a community organiser?

**R8222**

**Sub. Code**

**452202**

**M.S.W. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL – 2023**

**Second Semester**

**Social Work**

**SOCIAL WORK RESEARCH AND STATISTICS**

**(CBCS – 2022 onwards)**

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum : 75 Marks

**Section A**

(10 × 1 = 10)

Answer **all** questions.

1. Research is a \_\_\_\_\_ investigation of a phenomenon.
  - (a) Systematic and uncritical
  - (b) Unsystematic and critical
  - (c) Systematic and critical
  - (d) Unsystematic and uncritical
  
2. Which of the following is not true about social work research?
  - (a) It is applied research
  - (b) It begins with an assessment of the needs
  - (c) It involves an intervention approach
  - (d) All of the above
  
3. A researcher uses his imagination and ideas while framing a research design. This is an example of
  - (a) Descriptive research design
  - (b) Cross-sectional research design
  - (c) Diagnostic research design
  - (d) Explanatory research design

4. Increase in sample size
  - (a) Decreases sampling error
  - (b) Increases sampling error
  - (c) Decreases sampling bias
  - (d) Increases sampling bias
  
5. The data available in records or already gathered by others is called
  - (a) Secondary data
  - (b) Primary data
  - (c) Tertiary data
  - (d) Array of data
  
6. Which of the following is not generally associated with qualitative data?
  - (a) Narrative
  - (b) Images
  - (c) Pie charts
  - (d) Words
  
7. The methods or ways through which data is collected?
  - (a) Technique of data collection
  - (b) Statistical analysis
  - (c) Tabulation
  - (d) Coding
  
8. Social work research is the systematic, critical investigation of questions in the social welfare field with the purpose of yielding answers to problems of social work. This definition was given by:
  - (a) Webster
  - (b) Carter
  - (c) Macdonald
  - (d) Kerlinger
  
9. Which of the following is not a criterion of a good hypothesis?
  - (a) It must be testable
  - (b) It should be verifiable
  - (c) It should provide a general overview of the research
  - (d) It should be logical and comprehensive

10. Identify the correct sequence in the processing of primary data.
1. Coding
  2. Editing
  3. Classification
  4. Organisation
- (a) 2,1,4,3                      (b) 4,1,2,3  
(c) 1,2,3,4                      (d) 1,4,2,3

**Section B**

(5 × 5 = 25)

Answer **all** questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

11. (a) What is the meaning of the term “epistemology”?
- Or
- (b) Define research design and its meaning.
12. (a) Define sampling. Why do we need to use sampling in social work research?
- Or
- (b) What are the qualities of a good research report?
13. (a) Write a note on Measures of dispersion.
- Or
- (b) Give a short note on Social work research and its scope.
14. (a) Write a note on Social Survey and Social Research.
- Or
- (b) Define FGD.

15. (a) Write a note on Bibliography. Discuss the necessity to keep a bibliography in the Social Work Research.

Or

- (b) Define Parametric Test and Non Parametric test in Social work research.

**Section C** (5 × 8 = 40)

Answer any **five** questions.

16. Explain the differences between Social Science Research and Social Work Research.
17. What are the types of research design? Explain with examples.
18. Explain the Scope of Social work research.
19. Describe the sources of Literature reviews in Social work research.
20. Explain the quantitative and qualitative research approaches with suitable examples.
21. Give details of Measures of Central Tendency and Measures of Dispersion.
22. What are the methods and tools of data collection in research?
23. Explain the use of computers in Social work Research.



**R8223**

**Sub. Code**

**452203**

**M.S.W. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL – 2023**

**Second Semester**

**Social Work**

**SOCIAL WELFARE ADMINISTRATION, POLICIES AND  
LEGISLATIONS**

**(CBCS – 2022 onwards)**

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum : 75 Marks

**Section A**

(10 × 1 = 10)

Answer **all** questions.

1. Centre Social Welfare Board (CSWB) was established in \_\_\_\_\_
  - (a) 1947
  - (b) 1953
  - (c) 1960
  - (d) 1964
  
2. Welfare is a concern of \_\_\_\_\_.
  - (a) Public agencies
  - (b) Private agencies
  - (c) Both (a) and (b)
  - (d) None of the above
  
3. Formal organisations are backed by \_\_\_\_\_.
  - (a) Members
  - (b) Legal sanctions
  - (c) Interpersonal relationship
  - (d) Norms, values and beliefs.

4. When was the five-year plan initiated?  
(a) 1949 (b) 1951  
(c) 1990 (d) 1950
5. Which of the following is /are social policy's goal (s)?  
(a) Empowerment of marginalised  
(b) Social cohesion  
(c) Equality  
(d) All of the above
6. Social planning covers which of the following domains  
(a) Social well being  
(b) Social equity  
(c) Health infrastructure  
(d) All of these
7. When did the constituent assembly adopt the Indian constitution?  
(a) 26<sup>th</sup> November 1950  
(b) 26<sup>th</sup> January 1950  
(c) 26<sup>th</sup> November 1949  
(d) 26<sup>th</sup> December 1947
8. Fundamental duties were added by which of the following Constitutional Amendment?  
(a) 44<sup>th</sup> (b) 42<sup>nd</sup>  
(c) 36<sup>th</sup> (d) 39<sup>th</sup>
9. Child labour in any form is prohibited under which article of Indian constitution?  
(a) Article 22 (b) Article 23  
(c) Article 24 (d) Article 25

10. The nature of social work administration is
- (a) Art
  - (b) Science
  - (c) Both (a) and (b)
  - (d) None of these

**Section B**

(5 × 5 = 25)

Answer **all** questions, by choosing either (a) or (b).

11. (a) Write a note on the meaning and definition of Social welfare administration.

Or

- (b) What are the skills needed in the Social welfare administration?

12. (a) Illustrate the definition and scope of Social Policy and Social Planning.

Or

- (b) Define Social legislation and its roles in social change.

13. (a) What are the laws related to marriage and divorce?

Or

- (b) Write a short note on NGO registration procedures.

14. (a) What are the areas of Social Welfare Administration?

Or

- (b) Narrate the roles of CSWB in the area of social welfare administration.

15. (a) Define the Directive Principle of State Policy.

Or

(b) What are the major problems faced by Indian society?

**Section C**

(5 × 8 = 40)

Answer any **five** questions.

16. Explain the basic process of Social welfare administration.
17. What are the roles of NGOs in national development?
18. Explain the constitutional base and implications of the Social Welfare Administration.
19. What is Social Legislation? Explain the importance of fundamental rights.
20. Examine the legislation related to succession and inheritance.
21. Explain the various structures of Social welfare administration in India.
22. How do we administrate the Social welfare activities of women and children?
23. Explain the social policies and planning for de-notified communities.

**R8224**

**Sub. Code**

**452205**

**M.S.W DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL – 2023**

**Second Semester**

**Social Work**

**HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT**

**(CBCS – 2022 onwards)**

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum : 75 Marks

**Part A**

(10 × 1 = 10)

Answer **all** questions.

1. The Principles of Management emphasise the logical decision making and avoiding bias or prejudice at all costs. The above statement points out that knowledge of these principles helps in \_\_\_\_\_.
  - (a) Scientific decision-making
  - (b) Providing managers with a valuable information
  - (c) Meet the changing requirements of a business environment
  - (d) All of the above
  
2. Which of the following correctly defines the Human Resource Department?
  - (a) Functional department
  - (b) Service department
  - (c) Line department
  - (d) Authority department

3. Finding ways to reduce \_\_\_\_\_ is a crucial responsibility of management.
- (a) Stress                      (b) Dissatisfaction  
(c) Uncertainly              (d) None of the above
4. Which of the following components are reformed to support the strategies of human resource function?
- (a) Control systems and Rewards  
(b) Appointment  
(c) Recruitment  
(d) Job allotment
5. Which of the following takes a full interest in the process of strategic planning?
- (a) Quality Control      (b) Human Resource  
(c) Production              (d) Training and Development
6. What is meant by the factual statement of the duties and responsibilities?
- (a) Job analysis              (b) Job specification  
(c) Job evaluation          (d) Job description
7. Which of the following is considered strategic activity?
- (a) Productivity              (b) Recruitment  
(c) Planning                  (d) All of the above
8. \_\_\_\_\_ is considered as first wage incentive plan in the modern era of the industry.
- (a) Barth plan  
(b) Halsey plan  
(c) Gantt task plan  
(d) Taylor's differential piece-rate plan

9. In the absence of statutory requirements, the employers may not provide even the basic facilities to the employees. This is the basic assumption of the
- (a) Policing theory
  - (b) Religious theory
  - (c) Appeasement theory
  - (d) Benevolence theory
10. In which of the following years was the Workmen's Compensation Act introduced?
- (a) 1948
  - (b) 1923
  - (c) 1961
  - (d) 1973

**Part B**

(5 × 5 = 25)

Answer **all** questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

11. (a) Explain the functions of Management.
- Or
- (b) Write short notes on Budgeting.
12. (a) Explain the traditional approaches to manage people.
- Or
- (b) Bring out the importance of Human relations in Organisations.

13. (a) Explain the forecast of human resources.

Or

(b) What do you mean by skill redundancy? Explain.

14. (a) Mention the sources of recruitment.

Or

(b) Explain the wage determination process.

15. (a) Write short notes on quality Management.

Or

(b) Explain the significance of corporate social responsibility.

**Part C**

(5 × 8 = 40)

Answer any **five** questions.

16. Trace out the history of management.

17. Describe the any one School of Management in detail.

18. Discuss the importance of Human resources in an organisation.

19. Elucidate the methods of human resource planning.

20. Justify the selection process in a company.

21. Write a detailed note on wage and salary administration.

22. Analyse the role of Industrial Social Worker.

23. Discuss the recent trends in management.